Proceedings of the Iowa Academy of Science

Volume 48 | Annual Issue

Article 51

1941

Carcinogenic Hydrocarbon Effect on Rat Liver in Vitamin A (Abstract)

T. U. Marron Iowa Lutheran Hospital

Let us know how access to this document benefits you

Copyright ©1941 Iowa Academy of Science, Inc. Follow this and additional works at: https://scholarworks.uni.edu/pias

Recommended Citation

Marron, T. U. (1941) "Carcinogenic Hydrocarbon Effect on Rat Liver in Vitamin A (Abstract)," *Proceedings of the Iowa Academy of Science, 48(1),* 249-249. Available at: https://scholarworks.uni.edu/pias/vol48/iss1/51

This Research is brought to you for free and open access by the IAS Journals & Newsletters at UNI ScholarWorks. It has been accepted for inclusion in Proceedings of the Iowa Academy of Science by an authorized editor of UNI ScholarWorks. For more information, please contact scholarworks@uni.edu.

Offensive Materials Statement: Materials located in UNI ScholarWorks come from a broad range of sources and time periods. Some of these materials may contain offensive stereotypes, ideas, visuals, or language.

1941] ABSTF

ABSTRACTS

 $\mathbf{249}$

This communication reports an extension of the earlier work followed by alkaline hypoiodite oxidation and methylation studies on lignin isolated from cornstalks with the ethanolamines. The results obtained substantiate the conclusions of the previous paper and indicate that the action of these amines on lignin *in situ* is different from their action on isolated lignin. Evidence that the ethanolamines do not react with isolated lignin through their hydroxyl groups was obtained.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY,

IOWA STATE COLLEGE, Ames, IOWA.

CARCINOGENIC HYDROCARBON EFFECT ON RAT LIVER VITAMIN A

(Abstract)

T. U. MARRON

The depleting effect of methycholanthrene on rat liver vitamin A stores was studied by use of the antimony trichloride method. Phenanthrene injected rats served as controls for the carcinogenic agent. The results were checked on a later series of animals by the use of fluorescent microscopy for the delection of vitamin A in the tissue.

IOWA LUTHERAN HOSPITAL,

ALCOHOL IN PRESERVED BLOOD SPECIMENS (Abstract)

T. U. MARRON

Since blood alcohol determinations are coming into prominent use in law enforcement, knowledge of the reliability of analyses on blood that has aged is important.

Suitability of various preservatives is discussed in relation to data on maintainance of the alcohol content of blood specimens.

The data is in such a form as to be a reference for the expected change in alcohol concentration in an aged blood sample.

A method of analysis for alcohol is presented. Discrepancies in alcohol content by different types of analyses are found on aged specimens.

IOWA LUTHERAN HOSPITAL,

DES MOINES, IOWA.

Published by UNI ScholarWorks, 1941