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Preliminary Report on the Flora of Southeastern Iowa-Part II.

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Preliminary Report on the Flora of Southeastern Iowa—Part II.

CHARLES L. GILLY AND MALCOLM E. McDONALD

This paper completes a consideration of the southeastern Iowa specimens in the herbarium of the Parsons College Biology Department. As mentioned in the introductory paragraphs of Part I (Gilly and McDonald 1948), the majority of these specimens were collected by the authors during the years 1933 to 1937; additional collections were made in Jefferson County during the summer of 1946. The Pteridophytes, the single Gymnosperm, the Monocotyledons and the apetalous and polypetalous Dictotyledons were discussed in Part I of this paper. In this second part, a total of 288 species and well-marked varieties of gamopetalous Dictotyledons, representing the families Monotropaceae to Cichoriaceae inclusive, are included. An additional Monocotyledon and eight apetalous or polypetalous Dictotyledons, omitted from Part I, are also included. This brings the number of species and varieties listed in the two parts of this paper to a total of 885; these are distributed among 111 families. Introduced weeds, waifs, and plants escaped from cultivation number 162 (or 18.3% of the total). Specimens from Jefferson County represent 821 species or varieties, and those from Van Buren County represent 314 entries.^{1/} A smaller number of species or varieties is also listed for each of six other southeastern Iowa counties, as follows: Davis, 24; Des Moines, 54; Henry, 39; Lee, 13; Wapello, 6; and Washington, 2.

The nomenclature used in both parts of this paper is essentially in agreement with that used in Deam's "Flora of Indiana" (1940) and Jones' "Flora of Illinois" (1945); a few changes of names for species or varieties were necessitated by more recent monographic studies. No attempt has been made to include full synonymy for any species; such synonyms as are included, within brackets, are those names appearing in Cratty's "The Iowa Flora" (1933) or the 7th edition of "Gray's New Manual of Botany" (Robinson and Fernald 1908), when these differ from the names used in the present paper. It is of interest to note that 159 (or 17.9%) of the 885 scientific names used in the two parts of this paper are different from those used for the same species or varieties in the 7th edition of "Gray's New Manual of Botany." Names of the species or varieties which have been introduced as weeds or which have escaped from cultivation are printed in capital letters; names of native species and varieties are printed in italics.

Two additional entities, one species and one hybrid, are reported apparently for the first time in Iowa; these are indicated by means

^{1/} The number of species and varieties listed for each of the eight southeastern Iowa counties mentioned here is an indication of the amount of collecting by the authors in each county, and not an indication of the diversity of the flora in these counties.

of an asterisk in the list below and in the Annotated List of Species and Varieties. Together with the nine new reports included in Part I of this paper, and the new reports in previous publications, these three entities increase the list of species and varieties first reported for Iowa from the Parsons College collections to a total of 23 as follows:

1. *Marsilea quadrifolia* L. (1948).^{2/}
2. *Carex crinita* Lam. (1938; on the specimens cited (number 278), however, is *C. lasiocarpa* var. *latifolia* (Böckl.) Gilly).
3. *Carex lurida* Wahl. (1938).
4. *Eleocharis atropurpurea* (Retz.) Kunth (Gilly 1946, although not specifically indicated as a new report).
5. *Lemna minima* Phillipi (1948).
6. *Juncus interior* Wieg. (1938).
7. \times *Quercus leana* Nutt. (McDonald 1938b, although not specifically indicated as a new report).
- *8. \times *Quercus runcinata* Engelm.
9. *Celtis laevigata* Willd. (1948).
10. *Humulus japonicus* Sieb. & Zucc. (1948).
11. *Rumex triangulivalvis* (Danser) Rech. f. (1948).
12. *Lespedeza stipulacea* Maxim. (1948).
13. *Linum medium* (Planch.) Britt. (1938).
14. *Viola fimbriatula* Sm. (1938).
15. *Ludwigia palustris* (L.) Ell. (1948).
16. *Oenothera pilosella* Raf. (1948).
17. *Eulophus americanus* Nutt. (1948).
18. *Convolvulus fraterniflorus* (Mackenz. & Buch) Mackenz. & Bush (1938), as *C. sepium* var. *fraterniflorus* Mackenz. & Bush).
- *19. *Penstemon tubaeformis* Nutt.
20. *Ruellia strepens* var. *cleistantha* A. Gray (1938).
21. *Plantago arenaria* W. & K. (1938).
22. *Iva ciliata* Willd. (1938, although not specifically indicated as a new report).
23. \times *Veronica illinoensis* Gleason (1938).

A number of other reports of plants allegedly new for Iowa were included in a preliminary paper by Gilly and McDonald (1938); these for the most part should be excluded from the state flora, since they may be disposed of in three categories as follows:

A. BASED ON MISIDENTIFICATIONS: *Cyperus engelmanni* (=*C. strigosus*); *Cyperus refractus* (=*C. esculentus*); *Eleocharis olivacea* (=*E. atropurpurea*); *Scirpus subterminalis* (=*S. americanus*); *Quercus heterophylla* (= \times *Q. leana*); *Urtica dioica* (=*U. procera*); *Melilotus indica* (=*M. officinalis*); *Euphorbia dictyosperma* (=*Tithymalus obtusatus*); *Elatine triandra* (=*Dianthera americana*).

^{2/} Unless otherwise indicated, these reports first appeared in papers published by Gilly and McDonald (1938, 1948) and the date only is given in parentheses after the name of the species.

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B. PREVIOUSLY REPORTED: *Strophostyles pauciflora*, first reported by Cratty (1933), is *S. leiosperma* of the present paper; *Aesculus octandra* was reported by Shimek (1896) and, as *Ae. flava*, by Lindly (1905).

C. MINOR VARIANTS, NOT WORTHY OF NOMENCLATURAL RECOGNITION: *Cyperus erythrorhizos* var. *pumilus*; *C. strigosus* var. *capitatus*; *C. strigosus* var. *compositus*; *C. strigosus* var. *robustior*; *C. filiculmis* var. *macilentus*. For a discussion of these, see a recent paper by Gilly (1946).

In the preparation of Part I of this paper, a few entities were unintentionally omitted; these are listed here in taxonomic sequence:³

11. GRAMINEAE

Hordeum vulgare L. (J—475, 1806; spontaneous after cultivation).

12. CYPERACEAE

Scirpus fluviatilis (Torr.) A. Gray (J—4000).

26. FAGACEAE

Quercus palustris Muenchh. (J—3371).

**Q. runcinata* Engelm. [*Q. borealis* × *Q. imbicaria*] (J—3000).

This is apparently the first report of this hybrid oak in Iowa; the specimen came from a tree in the NE ¼ of Sec. 19, T71N, R11W.

42. RANUNCULACEAE

Ranunculus caricerorum Greene (J—281, 1515).

47. CRUCIFERAE

Cardamine arenicola Britt. [*C. parviflora* of authors, in part, not of L.] (L—1764; J—256, 352, 1653, 2488).

C. pennsylvanica Muhl. (J—1642, 2466).

NOTE: Reports of *Cardamme douglasii* and *Radicula obtusa* for Jefferson County (Gilly 1938b) were based on misidentifications of specimens of *C. pennsylvanica* and *R. sessiliflora*.

54. LEGUMINOSAE

Tephrosia virginiana (L.) Pers., var. *holosericea* (Nutt.) T. & G. (J—155).

77. ONAGRACEAE

Ludwigia polycarpa Short & Peter (J—923, 2464).

80. UMBELLIFERAE

Zizia aurea (L.) Koch. (J—38, 150, 480, 768, 1534, 1787; V—2000).

A few references, in which the correct names for certain species

³/ In the supplementary lists of specimens, as well as in the Annotated List of gamopetalous Dicotyledons, the following letters are used to indicate counties in which specimens were collected: (D) Davis, (DM) Des Moines, (H) Henry, (J) Jefferson, (L) Lee, (V) Van Buren, (W) Wapello, and (WS) Washington. The individual specimens from each county are cited by collection number, regardless of whether collected by one or the other, or both, of the authors. Duplicates of many of the specimens cited in this paper have been deposited in the herbarium of the Iowa State College Department of Botany.

included in Part I are discussed, were accidentally overlooked. In addition, new evidence has been received with regard to *Arisaema*, and other publications have appeared after Part I was in press. The following eight changes in the scientific names of species are, therefore, necessary:

3. POLYPODIACEAE—*Lastrea hexagonoptera* (Michx.) Nieuwl. [*Dryopteris hexagonoptera* (Michx.) C. Chr.; *Phegopteris hexagonoptera* (Michx.) Feé]. In a very stimulating volume, Copeland (1947) has recently presented a revisionary treatment of the ferns of the world. It is of interest, in addition to the name change noted here, to find that he divides the polymorphic family Polypodiaceae into twelve separate families; four of these, the Pteridaceae, Aspidiaceae, Aspleniaceae and the Polypodiaceae (in the restricted sense), occur in Iowa.
13. ARACEAE—*Arisaema triphyllum* (L.) Schott. [incl. *A. atrorubens* (Ait.) Blume]. Recent information, received in a private communication from Mr. Stanley Smith, indicates that Fernald (1940a) was in error when rearranging names in the genus *Arisaema*.
15. COMMELINACEAE—*Tradescantia ohiensis* Raf. [*T. canaliculata* Raf.; *T. reflexa* Raf., in part]. Fernald (1944) has shown that *T. canaliculata* is not the earliest name for this species.
27. ULMACEAE—*Celtis occidentalis* L. [*C. crassifolia* Lam.; *C. occidentalis* var. *crassifolia* (Lam.) A. Gray]. Fernald and Schubert (1948), in a report on the type specimens of Linnaean species, have clarified the problem of the proper name for this species.
34. AMARANTHACEAE—*Amaranthus albus* L. [*A. gracilizans* of authors, not of L.] (J—1243, 2020, 2054); and *Amaranthus albus* *A. graecizans* L. [incl. *A. blitoides* S. Wats.] (J—111, 1944). Fernald (1945) has discussed the previous misapplication to names to these two weedy species.
53. ROSACEAE—*Aruncus dioicus* (Walt.) Fern. [*A. sylvester* of authors, not of Kostel.]. Fernald (1939) has shown that the true *A. sylvester* Kostel., a species of Eurasia, is distinct from our American species.
68. BALSAMINACEAE—*Impatiens capensis* Meerb. [*I. biflora* Walt.]. Fernald and Schubert (1948) have discussed this necessary change of name.

A few additional literature references, pertinent to the discussion of a few families or genera included in Part I of this paper, also were omitted; they are: CHENOPODIACEAE—Aellen and Just (1943); CRUCIFERA—Wheeler (1938), with particular reference to *Brassica kabér*; LEGUMINOSAE—Isely (1948), with particular reference to *Lespedeza stipulacea*; EUPHORBIACEAE—Murley (1945); ONAGRACEAE—Bartlett (1913), with particular reference to *Oenothera pycnocarpa*; and UMBELLIFERA—Murley (1946).

Certain specimens, which were not available at the time Part I

of this paper was prepared^{1/} or which presented some difficulties of identification and which represent additional county reports, are listed below:

11. GRAMINEAE: *Eragrostis ciliaris* (D—3131); *Paspalum ciliatifolium* var. *stramineum* (V—4002); *Setaria viridis* (D—3135).
12. CYPERACEAE: *Eleocharis tenuis* (V—4004).
14. LEMNACEAE: *Wolfia punctata* (L—2444).
18. LILIACEAE: *Smilacina racemosa* (D—3133).
26. FAGACEAE: *Quercus alba* (D—3147); *Q. imbricaria* (D—3144); *Q. velutina* (H—3038).
28. MORACEAE: *Cannabis sativa* (H—3999).
31. ARISTOLOCHIACEAE: *Asarum reflexum* (D—3134).
42. RANUNCULACEAE: *Anemone virginiana* (D—3140).
47. CRUCIFERAE: *Lepidium virginicum* (L—1765).
52. PLATANACEAE: *Platanus occidentalis* (J—183).
53. ROSACEAE: *Malus ioensis* (D—3132); *Prunus americana* (V—833); *Rosa suffulta* (V—1574).
54. LEGUMINOSAE: *Amphicarpa bracteata* var. *comosa* (V—2664); *Cassia marilandica* (D—3143); *Gymnocladus dioica* (V—3387); *Lespedeza capitata* var. *stenophylla* (V—1364); *Petalostemum candidum* (J—1365).
55. GERANIACEAE: *Geranium maculatum* (D—3148).
64. CELASTRACEAE: *Euonymus atropurpureus* (D—3151).
75. VIOLACEAE: *Viola cucullata* (D—3145).

Frequently it is difficult to determine whether a given species is native to a particular region or whether it is a well-established adventive; in some cases it seems doubtful whether a definite decision can be made. Nevertheless, the following species, listed in Part I as native to southeastern Iowa, should be more properly considered as introductions from other areas: *Cerastium viscosum* (p. 118), *Froehlicchia gracilis* (p. 118), *Lepidium densiflorum* (p. 120), *Ribes odoratum* (p. 120) and *Salsola pestifer* (p. 118). Similarly, the following species, indicated as introduced plants in Part I, should be considered instead as indigenous to southeastern Iowa: *Acorus calamus* (p. 114), *Amaranthus albus* (as *A. graecizans*, p. 118), *Amaranthus graecizans* (as *A. blitoides*, p. 118), *Echinochloa pungens* (p. 111), *Oenothera pycnocarpa* (p. 125), *Populus deltoides* (p. 115), and *Polygonum dumetorum* (p. 117). The total number and the percentage of introduced plants, as given on page 115 of the present paper, have been corrected to correspond with the changes listed in this paragraph.

The following minor corrections for Part I should also be noted:
Page 107, line 3: MALCOLM. not MALCOM; line 44: Keokuk Co.
total should be 271, not 171.

Page 108, lines 5 and 6: Gilly (1938a, 1938b), not (1937, 1938);
Gilly and McDonald (1938), not 1937); McDonald 1938a, 1938b,

^{1/} These include, among others, a collection of 24 specimens from northeastern Davis County, collected by Mr. W. D. Klimstra and presented to the Parsons College herbarium.

- not 1938); lines 6 and 7: specimens, not speciments; line 47: 106, not 108 (see corrections listed in paragraph above).
- PAGE 111, line 7: (1938), not 1937); line 11: *hyemalis*, not *hyenalis*; line 43: *villosum*, not *Villosus*.
- Page 112, line 12: V, not J (as county designation); line 13: 1938), not (1937; line 23: (1938), not (1937); line 39: 1938), not (1937).
- Page 115, line 15: V, not J (as county designation).
- Page 116, line 15: but, not put; line 52: V—2009, not 2009.
- Page 117, line 30: *lapathifolium*, not *lapothifolium*; line 54: *Polygonum*, not *Polygonum*.
- Page 120, line 10: specimen 1766 should be recorded as "L—1766."
- Page 121, line 4: (1938), not (1937); line 34: Greene, not Green.
- Page 122, line 6: *bracteosum*, not *braceosum*; line 8: 2751, not 2754; line 19: V—1974, 3387, not J—1974; line 21: 3810, not 3310; line 38: (1938), not (1937).
- Page 123, line 43: (1938), not (1937).

Acknowledgements of courtesies and cooperation have been made in Part I of this paper. The authors, however, again wish to express their thanks to Dr. Floyd W. Von Ohlen, Head of the Parsons College Biology Department, for his permission to move the entire Parsons College herbarium to Ames for study. They also wish to acknowledge the assistance of several other persons in the identification of specimens of certain families or genera. These include: Mr. Louis N. Bass (Labiateae); Dr. Duane Isely (the genus *Cirsium*); Mr. Judson U. Maguire (the genus *Solidago*); Mr. D. D. Millspaugh (the genus *Ruellia*); Miss Margaret Murley (Apocynaceae); and Dr. Lloyd H. Shinners (the genus *Aster*). All other plants have been checked or identified by the senior author.

ANNOTATED LIST OF SPECIES AND VARIETIES

Dicotyledonae — Gamopetalae

82. MONOTROPACEAE (Indian-pipe Family)
Monotropa uniflora L. (J—3050; V—2843).

83. PRIMULACEAE (Primrose Family)
Androsace occidentalis Pursh (J—1780, 2468; V—3522).
Lysimachia ciliata L. [*Steironema ciliatum* (L.) Raf.] (J—610, 728, 3957; V—766).
L. lanceolata Walt. [*Steironema lanceolatum* (Walt.) A. Gray] (J—1011, 2766, 3803).
L. NUMMULARIA L. (J—2605).
L. terrestris (L.) B.S.P. (J—2600).

84. OLEACEAE (Olive Family)
Fraxinus americana L. (H—2969; J—167, 247, 1060, 2679).
F. lanceolata Borkh. [*F. pennsylvanica* var. *lanceolata* (Borkh.) Sarg.] (J—450, 2130, 2131).
F. pennsylvanica Marsh. (J—414).

85. GENTIANACEAE (Gentian Family)

Gentiana andrewsii Griseb. (J—1119, 1276, 1281, 3100).

G. flava A. Gray (J—1288, 3102, 3955).

G. puberula Michx. (J—1289, 3097, 3098).

86. APOCYNACEAE (Dogbane Family)^{5/}

Apocynum androsaemifolium L. (J—9, 1939; V—577).

A. cannabinum L., var. *glaberrimum* A. DC. (J—673, 818).

×*A. medium* Greene [*A. cannabinum* × *A. androsaemifolium*; incl.
A. medium Greene, var. *leuconeuron* (Greene) Woodson] (J—
885, 2070).

A. sibiricum Jacq. (J—1085; V—1886).

VINCA MINOR L. (J—3193, escaped from cultivation).

87. ASCLEPIADACEAE (Milkweed Family)

Acerates hirtella Pennell [*A. floridana* of authors, not of (Lam.)
Hitchc.] (J—840, 1089, 3851).

Asclepias incarnata L. (J—813, 1053, 3107).

A. ovalifolia Dec. (V—3750).

A. purpurascens L. (V—606, 608, 765).

A. quadrifolia Jacq. (J—11, 545, 2577, 2995; V—3744).

A. speciosa Torr. (J—795).

A. sullivantii Engelm. (J—879, 1087, 3909).

A. syriaca L. (J—854, 938, 1366, 1851; V—1883).

A. tuberosa L., subsp. *interior* Woodson (DM—932; J—613, 856, 1027,
1086, 1482).

A. verticillata L. (D—3142; J—855, 1026, 1249, 2103, 2888).

88. CONVOLVULACEAE (Morning-glory Family)

CONVOLVULUS ARvensis L. (J—1943, 1962).

C. fraterniflorus (Mackenz. & Bush) Mackenz. & Bush [*C. sepium* L.,
var. *fraterniflorus* Mackenz. & Bush] (J—1856). Rare in Iowa,
more common southward and westward.

C. sepium L., var. *communis* Tryon [*C. sepium* of authors, but not
of L.; *C. sepium* var. *americanus* of authors, but probably not
of Sims; *C. americanus* of authors, but probably not of (Sims)
Greene] (J—731, 882, 1566, 1958). An extremely variable entity,
variously treated by different authors, and perhaps not really
separable from the true var. *americanus* of the east. Tryon
(1939) has given us the most plausible treatment of the species
and its several varieties. This variety is said to be native, and
the true *C. sepium* L. of Europe is reported as an introduced
weed in only a few localities in the northeastern United States
and adjacent Canada.

Cuscuta coryli Engelm. (J—1563).

C. gronovii Willd. (J—2710, 3889; V—853).

C. indecora Choisy, var. *neuropetala* (Engelm.) Hitchc. (J—3391).

^{5/} Specimens of this family have been checked or identified by Miss Margaret Murley who has recently discussed (1947) the Iowa representatives of the family.

The previous report of this species for Jefferson County by Gilly and McDonald (1938) was based on a misidentification of a specimen (number 2710) of *C. gronovii* Willd.

C. pentagona Engelm. [*C. arvensis* of authors, perhaps not of Beyrich] (J—1015, 2757).

C. polygonorum Engelm. [*C. obtusiflora* of authors, not of H.B.K.] (J—2068, 2926, 3554, 3842; V—1171).

IPOMOEA HEDERACEA Jacq. (J—822, 2773, 3895).

I. pandurata (L.) G. F. W. Mey. (J—778, 3785, 3886; V—1995).

I. PURPUREA (L.) Roth (J—2871, 3300).

89. POLEMONIACEAE (Phlox Family)

Phlox divaricata L. (J—87, 230, 267, 324, 684, 1450, 1519, 1535, 2041; V—192, 777, 1744).

P. pilosa L. (J—550; V—3740).

Polemonium reptans L. (J—8, 46, 57, 205, 253, 1428, 1449, 1520).

90. HYDROPHYLLACEAE (Waterleaf Family)

Ellisia nyctelea L. [*Nyctelea nyctelea* (L.) Britt.] (J—284, 350, 354, 1443, 1542, 1627, 1679).

Hydrophyllus appendiculatum Michx. (D—3155; J—3053; V—776, 1706).

H. virginianum L. (J—6, 401, 423, 1537).

91. BORAGINACEAE (Borage Family)^{a/}

CYNOGLOSSUM OFFICINALE L. (J—214; V—775, 2661).

Hackelia virginiana (L.) I. M. Johnston [*Lappula virginiana* (L.) Greene] (J—3566).

Lithospermum canescens (Michx.) Lehm. (J—84, 243, 1411, 1441; V—121, 1736).

L. croceum Fern. [*L. carolinense* of authors, not of (Walt.) MacM; *L. gmelini* of authors, not of (Michx.) Hitchc.] (H—2956; J—384, 3301). The leaf pubescence of specimen number 3301 is intermediate between this species and *L. canescens*.

L. latifolium Michx. (V—1158, 1168, 3302).

Mertensia virginica (L.) Pers. ex Link (J—13, 78, 218, 1414, 1463, 1656; V—1719, 3187).

Myosotis verna Nutt. [*M. virginica* of authors, probably not of (L.) B.S.P.] (J—462, 463; V—3520).

Onosmodium molle var. *occidentale* (Mackenz.) I. M. Johnston [incl. *O. molle* var. *sylvestre* Mackenz.] (V—2662). This specimen is referable to the scarcely distinct var. *sylvestre*, which may be only a series of hybrids.

92. VERBENACEAE (Verbena Family)

Phyla lanceolata (Michx.) Greene [*Lippia lanceolata* Michx.] (J—691, 977, 2759; V—1994).

Verbena bracteata Lag. & Rodr. [*V. bracteosa* Michx.] (J—1960, 2617)

^{a/} The Iowa members of this family have been discussed recently by Gilly and O'Brian (1949).

V. hastata L. (D—3137; J—835, 957, 3790, 3977, 3989). Specimen number 957, with almost white flowers, may be a hybrid between this species and *V. urticaefolia* L.

V. stricta Vent. (J—701, 1938).

V. urticaefolia L. (J—887, 1559, 3766, 3789).

93. LABIATAE (Mint Family)^{1/}

Agastache nepetoides (L.) Kuntze (V—1151).

A. scrophulariaeefolia (Willd.) Kuntze (J—2949, 3797, 3836; V—2860).

A. scrophulariaeefolia (Willd.) Kuntze, var.*mollis* (Fern.) Heller (J—3798).

Blephilia hirsuta (Pursh) Benth. (H—555; J—1843, 1849; V—1880).

GLECOMA HEDERACEA L. [*Nepeta hederacea* (L.) Trev.] (J—41, 286, 1610; V—1911, 3189).

Hedeoma hispida Pursh (J—1833, 2576).

H. pulegioides (L.) Pers. (J—2925; V—1195, 2834).

Isanthus brachiatus (L.) B.S.P. (J—2908).

LEONURUS CARDIACA L. (J—544, 1000, 1311).

Lycopus americanus Muhl. (J—955, 1001, 2947).

L. virginicus L. (J—1128, 3809).

MARRUBIUM VULGARE L. (V—1987, escaped from cultivation).

Mentha arvensis L., var. *canadensis* (L.) Briquet (J—737, 3802, 3966).

M. PIPERITA L. (J—2087; naturalized, a native of Europe).

Monarda mollis L. (DM—942; J—864, 2081).

M. punctata L. (J—2750, 3029).

NEPETA CATARIA L. (J—675, 3823).

Physostegia parviflora Nutt. (J—3043).

P. virginiana (L.) Benth. (J—3808, 3858, 3927; V—1136).

Prunella vulgaris L. (J—883, 990, 2017, 2078; V—944).

P. Pycnanthemum pilosum Nutt. (D—3154; DM—2815; J—901, 920, 1032, 3791).

P. tenuifolium Schrader [*P. flexuosum* of authors, not of (Walt.) B.S.P.] (D—3153; J—1129, 2045). Fernald and Schubert (1948) have discussed the reasons for this change of name.

P. virginianum (L.) Dur. & Jacks. (J—863, 1031, 1130, 1237, 3761).

The report of *P. torrei* Benth. for Jefferson County by Gilly and McDonald (1938) was based on a misidentification of a specimen of this species.

Scutellaria galericulata L. (J—3938).

S. lateriflora L. (J—982, 1131, 3985).

S. leonardi Epling (J—884).

S. ovata Hill, subsp. *versicolor* (Nutt.) Epling (DM—3486; J—2627; V—774, 1910, 1978).

Stachys hispida Pursh (J—3792).

S. palustris L. (J—956, 1033).

^{1/} Specimens of this family were checked or identified by Mr. Louis N. Bass, of the Iowa State College Department of Botany, who recently (1944) has discussed the Iowa members of the family.

- S. palustris* L., var. *homotricha* (L.) Fern. (J—3801, 3911).
S. schweinitzii Rydb. (J—612).
S. tenuifolia Willd. (J—1014, 2036, 2720, 3831, 3993; V—1157, 2830).
Teucrium canadense L. (J—687, 736, 918).
T. occidentale A. Gray (J—656, 865; V—1982).

94. SOLANACEAE (Nightshade Family)

- DATURA STRAMONIUM* L. [incl. *D. tatula* L.] (J—1277, 1278, 1332, 2753).
LYCIUM HALIMIFOLIUM Mill. (J—3524).
Physalis heterophylla Nees (J—432, 482, 1940, 3764; V—1879).
P. pubescens L. (V—63).
P. subglabrata Mackenz. & Bush (J—2889, 2898, 3401, 3431, 3765, 3815; V—2660).
P. virginiana Mill. [incl. *P. lanceolata* of authors, not of Michx.] (J—7, 433, 483, 674, 1030, 1371; V—773).
Solanum carolinense L. (J—862).
S. DULCAMARA L. (J—897).
S. nigrum L. (J—1565, 2056, 2620, 2705).
S. ROSTRATUM Dunal (J—1564, 2771).

95. SCROPHULARIACEAE (Figwort Family)

- Aureolaria grandiflora* (Benth.) Pennell, var. *pulchra* Pennell [*Geraidia grandiflora* Benth. in part] (J—3870; V—1137).
Bacopa rotundifolia (Michx.) Wettst. (J—630, 747).
Castilleja coccinea (L.) Spreng. (J—39, 81, 411; V—3741).
Collinsia verna Nutt. (J—1556).
Dasistoma macrophylla (Nutt.) Raf. [*Seymeria macrophylla* Nutt.] (V—772).
Gerardia auriculata Michx. (J—3569, 3978).
G. gattingeri Small (J—3044). The report of *G. parvifolia* Chapm. for Jefferson County by Gilly and McDonald (1937) was based on a misidentification of a specimen of this species.
G. tenuifolia Vahl (D—3136; J—1485, 2780, 2872, 2927, 2996, 3316, 3838; V—2836).
Gratiola virginiana L. (J—499).
LINARIA MINOR (L.) Desf. (J—727, 821, 2051, 3912).
L. VULGARIS Hill (J—732, perhaps escaped from cultivation).
Lindernia anagallidea (Michx.) Pennell [*Ilysanthes anagallidea* Michx.] (J—986, 1929, 3315).
L. dubia (L.) Pennell [*Ilysanthes dubia* (L.) Barnh.] (J—1499).
Mimulus alatus Ait. (J—975, 1013, 3972, 3984).
M. ringens L. (J—976, 2105, 3786, 3888).
Pedicularis canadensis L. (H—1779; J—143, 453, 1517; V—1298).
Penstemon grandiflorus Nutt. (J—3531).
P. hirsutus (L.) Willd. (J—48, 418, 527, 1797, 3311).
P. pallidus Small (J—1855).
**P. tubaeformis* Nutt. (J—1351, 3312). This is, apparently, the first report of this species for Iowa.

Scrophularia lanceolata Pursh [*S. leporella* Bickn.] (V—3743). This is not, perhaps, really distinct from the next species.

S. marilandica L. (J—919, 1571, 2098, 2132; V—2835).

VERBASCUM BLATTARIA L. (V—680, 1980).

V. THAPSUS L. (J—861, 1632; V—801, 1993). Speciment 801 was white flowered.

VERONICA ARvensis L. (J—336, 2502, 2567; V—1741).

V. peregrina L. (J—323, 335, 353, 1683, 2481, 2546, 3278; L—1767).

V. PERSICA Poir. [*V. tournefortii* C. C. Gmel., but not of Schmidt] (J—2772).

Veronicastrum virginicum (L.) Farw. [*Veronica virginica* L.] (J—1012, 1484).

96. LENTIBULARIACEAE (Bladderwort Family)

Utricularia vulgaris L. (J—358, 637).

97. OROBANCHACEAE (Broomrape Family)

Orobanche uniflora L. (J—3200).

98. BIGNONIACEAE (Trumpet-creeper Family)

CAMPsis RADICANS (L.) Seeman [*Tecoma radicans* (L.) Juss.] (J—2760).

CATALPA SPECIOSA Warder (J—998).

99. MARTYNIACEAE (Unicorn-plant Family)

MARTYNIA LOUISIANICA Mill. (J—3395; occurring as a waif).

100. ACANTHACEAE (Acanthus Family)*/

Dianthera americana L. (J—3049). The report of *Elatine triandra* Schkuhr for Jefferson County by Gilly and McDonald (1938) was based on a misidentification of the specimen of this species.

Ruellia humilis Nutt., var. *expansa* Fern. [*R. ciliosa* Pursh; *R. carolinensis* of authors, not of (Walt.) Steud.] (J—658, 706, 1496, 1508, 1956).

R. strepens L. (V—607, 2010).

R. strepens L., var. *cleistantha* A. Gray (J—1019, 2033, 3854, 3876).

101. PHRYMACEAE (Lopseed Family).

Phryma leptostachya L. (J—781, 2645; V—2831).

102. PLANTAGINACEAE (Plantain Family)

PLANTAGO ARENARIA W. & K. (J—900).

P. aristata Michx. (J—540, 702, 2575; V—1918).

P. LANCEOLATA L. (J—530, 654, 893, 1818).

P. MAJOR L. (J—2015, 2674, 3279).

P. rugelii Dcne. (J—289, 653, 1018, 3827; V—797).

P. virginica L. (J—486; V—341).

103. RUBIACEAE (Madder Family)

Cephaelanthus occidentalis L. (J—928, 978, 1017, 1390, 3321).

*/ Specimens of the genus *Ruellia* were identified by Mr. D. D. Mills-paugh, Department of Biology, Iowa Wesleyan College, Mt. Pleasant.

GALIUM APARINE L. (J—285, 443, 1539, 1688).

G. circaeans Michx. (H—566; J—406; V—682, 779).

G. concinnum T. & G. (DM—3480; H—554, 568; J—416, 638, 3825).

G. tinctorium L. (J—355).

G. triflorum Michx. (J—456, 934; V—780).

104. CAPRIFOLIACEAE (Honeysuckle Family)

Lonicera prolifera (Kirsch.) Rehd. [*L. sullivantii* A. Gray] (J—543, 1536; V—3747).

Sambucus canadensis L. (DM—304; J—1509, 2461, 3114).

Symporicarpos orbiculatus Moench (J—1078, 1570).

Triosteum aurantiacum Bickn. (J—3860; V—1705).

T. perfoliatum L. (J—484, 1839).

Viburnum affine Bush (J—2553, 2560, 3976; V—1725). Specimen number 2553 is the typical phase of the species, while the others apparently represent the scarcely distinct var. *hypomalacum* Blake, characterized by pubescence over most of the lower leaf surface.

V. lentago L. (J—1016, 1468, 1685, 3991).

V. molle Michx. (H—562; J—3880).

V. prunifolium L. (J—1421).

105. CUCURBITACEAE (Gourd Family)

Sicyos angulatus L. (V—1196).

106. CAMPANULACEAE (Bellflower Family)

Campanula americana L. (DM—2823; J—1489, 2133, 2691; V—1164, 2832).

Triodanis perfoliata (L.) Nieuwl. [*Specularia perfoliata* (L.) A. DC.] (J—1832, 2527, 2610). The generic status of this and related species has been discussed by McVaugh (1945, 1948) and Fernald (1946).

107. LOBELIACEAE (Lobelia Family)

Lobelia cardinalis L. (J—1232).

L. inflata L. (J—999, 2779, 3787; V—1301, 2833).

L. siphilitica L. (D—3129; DM—305; J—3846, 3990! V—1163).

L. spicata Lam. (J—498, 528, 1547).

108. AMBROSIACEAE (Ragweed Family)^{*/}

Ambrosia coronopifolia T. & G. [*A. psilostachya* of authors, not of DC.] (J—3033, 3113). This weedy species may have been introduced from the western part of the United States.

A. elatior L. [incl. *A. artemisiifolia* L.] (J—2127, 2885, 3109; V—1998; WS—3071).

A. trifida L. (J—2106, 3830, 3891; V—2859).

Iva ciliata Willd. (J—1203, 2891). Apparently rare in Iowa.

^{*/} The heterogeneous group of plants, usually placed together in a single family, the Compositae, are here considered under four headings: Ambrosiaceae, Carduaceae, Asteraceae and Cichoriaceae. The Asteraceae, perhaps, should be further subdivided.

Xanthium commune Britt. [*X. italicum* of authors, not of Mor.] (J—2924, 3390). This name is used with considerable doubt as to the correctness of application; the discussions of Cronquist (1945b) and Fernald (1946a) do not seem to have clarified the problems in this genus.

109. CARDUACEAE (Thistle Family)^{10/}

Antennaria neglecta Green (J—49, 206, 1551, 2516, 3334; V—119).

A. plantaginifolia (L.) Hook. (DM—2817; J—142, 231, 282, 299, 1239, 1550, 1643, 1671, 2492, 2552, 3335; V—1305, 3190, 3191). Some of the specimens are transitional toward the var. *ambigens* (Greene) Cronquist [incl. *A. fallax* Greene], but there seems to be no clear distinction between these and the typical phase of the species; Cronquist (1945a, 1946) and Fernald 1945b) have discussed the genus with very different conclusions.

ARCTIUM MINUS (Hill) Bernh. (J—996, 1650, 2076).

ARTEMISIA ANNUA L. (H—3998; J—2983, 3577).

A. GNAPHALODES Nutt. [*A. ludoviciana* of authors, not of Nutt.] (J—1279, 2123, 2793). Native to western North America.

A. VULGARIS L. (J—3953).

Calochortus atriplicifolia L. (J—943, 2649, 3800).

C. muhlenbergii (Sch.-Bip.) Fern. [*C. reniformis* Muhl.] (J—1965; V—782).

C. tuberosa Nutt. (J—959, 1036, 1510).

CENTAUREA MACULOSA L. (J—2998). The report of *Aplopappus spinulosus* (Pursh) DC. for Jefferson County by Gilly and McDonald (1938) was based on a misidentification of this specimen.

Cirsium altissimum (L.) Spreng. (J—1275, 2147; V—1165).

C. ARVENSE (L.) Scop. (J—1044).

C. discolor (Muhl.) Spreng. (J—1054, 1651, 3343). Perhaps not really distinct from *C. altissimum* (L.) Spreng.

C. VULGARE (Savi) Airy-Shaw [*C. lanceolatum* (L.) Hill] (J—888, 1613, 2677).

Erechtites hieracifolia (L.) Raf. (J—1212, 2438; V—2863).

Eupatorium altissimum L. (J—1211, 1260, 2432, 2892, 3036, 3415; V—1153).

E. perfoliatum L. (J—3411, 3423, 3563).

E. purpureum L. (J—2134, 3814; V—2850).

E. rugosum Houtt. [*E. urticaefolium* Reich.] (J—3573, 3829; V—2849).

E. serotinum Michx. (J—2125, 2941, 3007).

Gnaphalium obtusifolium L. (D—3150; DM—2818; J—59, 3412; V—1302).

Kuhnia eupatorioides L., var. *corymbulosa* T. & G. (J—3572). The correct name for this plant has been discussed recently by Shinners (1946).

^{10/} Specimens of the genus *Cirsium* were checked or identified by Dr. Duane Isely, of the Department of Botany, Iowa State College.

Liatris aspera Michx. [*L. scariosa* of authors, not of L.] (J—1259, 1269, 2680, 2917, 2940, 3065; V—1152, 1180). Specimen number 2917 consists of portions of two plants, one of them white-flowered. The correct name for this species has been discussed recently by Gaiser (1946).

L. pycnostachya Michx. (J—958, 1035).

L. squarrosa (L.) Willd., var. *glabrata* (Rydb.) Gaiser (V—1191).

TANACETUM VULGARE L. (J—45, 1649; probably escaped from cultivation).

Vernonia baldwini Torr., var. *interior* (Small) Schubert. [*V. interior* Small] (D—3141; J—2913, 3008, 3759; V—1983). Schubert (1936) has discussed this species in detail.

V. fasciculata Michx. (J—1042, 1567, 2084, 2096, 2139, 2764).

\times *V. illinoensis* Gleason [*V. fasciculata* \times *V. missurica*] (J—2776, 3327).

V. missurica Raf. (V—2867, 2868).

110. ASTERACEAE (Aster Family)^{11/}

Achillea lanulosa Nutt. [*A. millefolium* of authors, not of L.] (J—471, 525, 1492, 1816, 1817, 2057; V—1303, 2609).

ANTHEMIS COTULA L. (J—181, 676, 3339).

Aster azureus Lindl. (J—3078, 3094, 3407).

A. dummondii Lindl. (J—1252, 2430, 2975, 2986, 3331, 3414, 3416, 3426; V—1300).

A. ericoides L., var. *prostratus* (Kuntze) Blake [*A. multiflorus* of authors, in part, not of Ait.; *A. exiguis* (Fern.) Rydb., but not *A. multiflorus* var. *exiguus* Fern.] (J—1254, 3096, 3099, 3434).

A. laevis L. (J—1286, 2904; V—1182, 1189).

A. lateriflorus (L.) Britt., var. *pendulus* (Ait.) Burgess (J—2976, 3003).

A. lucidulus (A. Gray) Wieg. (J—3006).

A. novae-angliae L. (J—1253, 2938, 3408, 3430).

A. pilosus Willd. [*A. ericoides* of authors, not of L.] (J—1132, 1251, 1282, 1290, 1291, 2431, 2441, 3062, 3402; V—1172).

A. pilosus Willd., var. *demotus* Blake (J—1283).

A. praealtus Poir. [*A. salicifolius* Ait., but probably not of Lam.] (J—1272, 1284, 1285, 3093, 3105, 3418, 3422).

A. sagittifolius Wedem. ex Willd. (J—3061; V—1370).

Bidens aristosa (Michx.) Britt. (J—1358).

B. cernua L. (J—2951, 3101).

B. comosa (A. Gray) Wieg. (J—2439, 2922, 2953, 2980).

B. frondosa L. (J—2931).

B. polydepis Blake *B. involucrata* of authors, not of Phil. (DM—933; J—2145, 2792, 2874, 2981; V—2861).

B. vulgata Greene (J—2982).

^{11/} The specimens of *Aster* were identified by Dr. Lloyd H. Shinners of the Department of Botany, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas, and the specimens of *Solidago* were checked or identified by Mr. Judson U. Maguire, formerly of Iowa State College.

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Boltonia asteroides (L.) L'Her., var. *recognita* (Fern. & Griscom) Cronquist [*B. asteroides* of many authors, not of (L.) L'Her.; *B. latisquama* var. *recognita* Fern. & Griscom; ? incl. *B. latisquama* var. *microcephala* Fern. & Griscom] (J—1133). Fernald (1940b) and Cronquist (1947) have recently discussed this and related species.

CHRYSANTHEMUM LEUCANTHEMUM L. (J—609, 1963, 2592; V—599, 1889, 3340). Some of the specimens may be referable to the var. *pinnatifidum* Lecoq. & Lamotte, although there seems to be no clear separation between that variety and the typical phase of the species.

Conyza canadensis (L.) Cronquist [*Erigeron canadensis* L.; *Leptilon canadense* (L.) Britt.] (D—3149; J—703, 1041, 1560, 2884). Cronquist (1943) has discussed the generic status and proper names for this and the following species.

C. ramosissima Cronquist [*Erigeron divaricatus* Michx., not *Conyza divaricata* Spreng.; *Leptilon divaricatum* (Michx.) Raf.] (DM—3481; J—726, 3332).

COREOPSIS GRANDIFLORA Hogg. (J—909).

C. palmata Nutt. (J—616; V—591).

C. TINCTORIA Nutt. (J—2795). Introduced from farther west in the United States.

C. tripteris L. (J—1082, 2882).

Dyssodia papposa (Vent.) Hitchc. (J—2972).

Echinacea pallida (Nutt.) Britt. [*Brauneria pallida* (Nutt.) Britt.] (J—738, 2619).

Eclipta alba (L.) Hassk. (J—2032, 3925; W—1216).

Erigeron annuus (L.) Pers. (DM—3482; J—677; L—1770).

E. philadelphicus L. (H—553; J—130, 302; V—3333, 3739).

E. pulchellus Michx. (H—1778; J—420).

E. strigosus Muhl. [*E. ramosus* (Walt.) B.S.P., not of Raf.] (J—877, 899, 989).

GALINSOGA CILIATA (Raf.) Blake [*G. parviflora* Cav., var. *hispida* DC.] (J—403).

Helenium autumnale L. (J—47, 1280, 2440).

HELIANTHUS ANNUUS L. (J—868, 3943).

H. divaricatus L. (J—2121, 337, 3757).

H. grosseserratus Martens (J—871, 1049, 1262, 2942, 3406).

H. PETIOLARIS Nutt. (J—1101, 2146).

H. rigidus (Cass.) Desf. [*H. scaberrimus* Ell.] (J—1102, 1219, 3928, 3929).

H. strumosus L. (J—1231; V—783).

H. tuberosus L. (J—3338, 3355).

Helopsis helianthoides (L.) Sweet [incl. *H. scabra* Dunal] (J—743, 1005, 1957, 2635, 2686, 2703, 3755, 3847; V—1154).

Parthenium integrifolium L. (J—873).

RATIBIDA COLUMNIFERA (Nutt.) Woot. & Standl. [*R. columnaris* (Sims) D. Don; *Lepachys columnaris* (Sims) T. & G.] (J—823;

- nnroduced, on ballast, from the western part of the United States).
- R. pinnata* (Vent.) Barnh. [*Lepachys pinnata* (Vent.) T. & G.] (J—485, 721, 869, 1045, 1557, 3892).
- Rudbeckia laciniata* L. (J—1118).
- R. serotina* Nutt. [*R. hirta* of many authors, not of L.] (J—870, 1048, 2079; V—681). Fernald and Schubert (1948) have discussed this species in detail; the true *R. hirta* L. is an eastern plant.
- R. subtomentosa* Pursh (J—1038, 2901, 3920).
- R. triloba* L. (D—3139; J—60, 2679, 3019, 3336, 3837; V—1142).
- Senecio pauperculus* Michx., var. *balsamitae* (Muhl.) Fern. [*S. balsamitae* Muhl.] (J—300, 328, 362, 1689, 1795).
- Silphium integrifolium* Michx. (J—875, 1046).
- S. laciniatum* L. (J—874, 1040, 1785).
- S. perfoliatum* L. (D—3138; J—876; V—1166, 1917).
- Solidago altissima* L. [*S. canadensis* of many Iowa authors, not of L.] (J—1256, 1268, 2148, 3019, 3432).
- S. altissima* L., var. *hargeri* (Fern.) Fern. [*S. canadensis* var. *hargeri* Fern.] (DM—308; J—3429; V—1159).
- S. flexicaulis* L. [*S. latifolia* L.] (J—3068; V—1161).
- S. gigantea* Ait. (J—2129, 3011, 3021, 3561).
- S. gigantea* Ait., var. *leiophylla* Fern. [*S. serotina* Ait., not of Retz.] (J—2877, 3020, 3405, 3930; V—1160).
- S. glaberrima* Martens [*S. missouriensis* of many authors, not of Michx.] (J—1034, 1050, 1110, 1511, 1512, 3931).
- S. graminifolia* (L.) Salisb. [*Euthamia graminifolia* (L.) Nutt.] (J—1293, 3918).
- S. gymnospermoides* Greene (J—1352, 3410).
- S. hispida* Muhl. (V—1374).
- S. nemoralis* Ait. (J—1376, 3574; V—1162, 1174, 1175).
- S. nemoralis* Ait., var. *longipetiolata* (Mackenz & Bush) Palmer & Steyerl. [*S. nemoralis* var. *decemflora* (DC.) Fern.] (J—1238, 1261, 1267, 3014, 3015, 3016, 3017, 3018, 3055, 3425, 3869; V—1173, 1190; WS—3091).
- S. rigida* L. [*Oligoneuron rigidum* (L.) Small] (J—1257, 3023).
- S. speciosa* Nutt. [incl. *S. speciosa* var. *angustata* T. & G.] (V—1176, 1181).
- S. ulmifolia* Muhl. (J—2433, 2979, 3010, 3022, 3067, 3330, 3417, 3863; V—1177, 1178, 1179).
- Verbesina alternifolia* (L.) Britt. [*Actinomeris alternifolia* (L.) DC.] (J—3983). Cronquist (1945b) has discussed the correct name for this species.
111. CICHORIACEAE (Chicory Family)
- CICHORIUM INTYBUS* L. (J—908, 1215, 2144, 2791).
- CREPIS TECTORUM* L. (J—2080).
- Hieracium longipilum* Torr. (J—2702, 3935).
- H. scabrum* Michx. (DM—2813; J—2655, 2900, 3012, 3799, 3871).
- Krigia biflora* (Walt.) Blake [*K. amplexicaulis* Nutt.] (J—26, 327, 417, 457; V—337, 1892).

- Lactuca canadensis* L. (J—1568, 2086, 2684, 2933, 3874, 3913, 3914; V—898, 2857). An extremely variable species, variously subdivided into subspecies, varieties and forms by different authors; none of the infraspecific entities appear to be constant or clearly separable.
- L. floridana* (L.) Gaertn. (J—3995; V—2856, 2858).
- L. SCARIOLA* L. (J—866, 2058).
- L. SCARIOLA* L., var. *INTEGRATA* Gren. & Godr. (J—1487, 1488, 2120). Perhaps not completely separable from the typical phase of the species.
- Prenanthes alba* L. [*Nabalus albus* (L.) Hook.] (J—1230, 3578).
- P. aspera* Michx. [*Nabalus asperus* (Michx.) T. & G.] (J—1294, 3570, 3934).
- SONCHUS ARvensis* L. (J—802). The specimen is referable to the doubtfully distinct var. *glabrescens* Guenth., Graeb. & Wimm.
- S. OLERACEUS* L. (J—43, 735, 1952).
- TARAXACUM LAEVIGATUM* (Willd.) DC. [*T. erythrorhizospermum* Andr.] (J—1759, 2526).
- T. OFFICINALE* Weber [*T. vulgare* (Lam.) Scrank] (J—115, 116, 867, 2037). Fernald (1948) has given adequate reasons for continuing to use the old familiar name for this plant.
- TRAGOPOGON MAJOR* Jacq. [incl. *T. dubius* Scop.] (J—730). Shinners (1948) has recently discussed the name for this species.
- T. PORRIFOLIUS* L. (J—1809).
- T. PRATENSIS* L. (J—504).

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